

2025

Advocacy Handbook

For the 2025 Legislative Session

NASB'S LEGISLATIVE & LEADERSHIP INITIATIVES FOR 2025 AND A GUIDE FOR EFFECTIVE ADVOCACY
AS ADOPTED BY THE NASB DELEGATE ASSEMBLY ON NOVEMBER 22, 2024



The Nebraska Association of School Boards provides programs, services and advocacy to strengthen public education for all Nebraskans.

Leadership

Innovation

Vision

Engagement

#liveNASB



2,000,000 Nebraskans

329,000 Students

1,700 Locally Elected School Board Members

260 Member Districts/ESUs

ONE NEBRASKA

109TH LEGISLATURE, 1ST SESSION

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WHAT CAN NASB DO FOR YOU?

We can assist you in preparing testimony, talking points, emails, or Op-Eds; facilitate Senator introductions and meetings in your district or the Capitol; feature your district visits with Senators; brief your board at a meeting in your community; and more ... Just ASK!

Interested in becoming more engaged in the legislative process? Whether it is from home, or in Lincoln, scan here to let us help you share your story, and advocate for public education in Nebraska as bills, topics, and issues arise.



YOUR NASB LEGISLATIVE TEAM & RESOURCES

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Matt Belka - Director of Marketing, Communications & Advocacy - mbelka@NASBOnline.org

John Spatz - Executive Director - jspatz@NASBOnline.org

Lindsey Wooton - Administrative Specialist - lwooton@NASBOnline.org



Bookmark the NASB Government Relations and Bills pages

<https://members.nasbonline.org/government-relations>

<https://nasb.envisiams.com/legislative-bills>

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Nebraska Legislature: www.nebraskalegislature.gov

Senators Web Pages: www.nebraskalegislature.gov/senators



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WHAT IS YOUR ROLE?

Over the past few years, the Legislature has increasingly inserted itself into both the boardroom and the classroom. Decisions that have traditionally been left to local boards or the State Board of Education have been centralized at the State Capitol. In addition, the past years have seen an increase in efforts to divide public K-12 education and foster distrust between local boards and their constituents. There are things you can do:

- **Advocate for Local Control:** Talk to lawmakers about impactful decisions and how important it is that decisions remain local. Continue advocating for local control over local decisions. Let us help you!
- **Build Trust:** Share your decisions with your constituents. Celebrate your successes! Show lawmakers and constituents your commitment to transparency. Use your meetings to educate your public on the decisions you are making.
- **Share Your Story:** No one is more qualified to talk about your school district, your community, and your needs related to providing a quality education than you!

DID YOU KNOW: 79% of Nebraska's 1,700 locally elected school board members serve at or within 100 miles of where they graduated ... with 51% serving IN the district they graduated from. As a school board member and community leader, you are in an excellent position to educate and influence the legislative process and are seen as a key resource on education policy for your district.



We encourage all boards to include a legislative update as part of each meeting and to discuss/share key legislative information within your community. Advocacy is year-round, not just during the session. Bookmark and frequent NASB's Government Relations pages for updates, information and Calls To Action, as well as social media, videos, our bills page, and more which summarizes all pertinent items related to public education in Nebraska.

2025 LEGISLATIVE CALENDAR

109th Legislature,
1st Session

1st Day of the 2025 Session
Wednesday, January 8, 2025

Day 10 ... Final day to introduce
bills - January 23

NASB Legislation Committee
Meeting - January 26

Legislative Issues Conference
January 26-27 - Lincoln

Federal Advocacy Fly-In
March 16-19 - Washington, DC

90th & Final Day of the
Legislative Session - June 18

Legislative Proposals for 2026
are due by July 1
<https://members.nasbonline.org/government-relations/legislative-proposals>

NASB Legislation Committee
Meeting - Summer 2025

NASB Legislation Committee
Meeting - November 19

NASB Delegate Assembly
November 21 - Omaha

All Dates Subject to Change

SHARE YOUR STORY

Be a Community Leader ... Be the expert on education in YOUR community!

As an elected official, trust was put in you to make decisions based on the needs of your students, community and the taxpayer. NASB can provide you with data that can help you tell your story, by providing you with data on your students, achievement, your budget, even your facilities. Let us assist you in telling your story!

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Sen. Bob Hallstrom
District 1 - Syracuse



Sen. Robert Clements
District 2 - Elmwood



Sen. Victor Rountree
District 3 - Bellevue



Sen. Brad von Gillern
District 4 - Elkhorn



Sen. Margo Juarez
District 5 - Omaha



Sen. Machaela Cavanaugh
District 6 - Omaha



Sen. Dunixi Guereca
District 7 - Omaha



Sen. Megan Hunt
District 8 - Omaha



Sen. John Cavanaugh
District 9 - Omaha



Sen. Wendy DeBoer
District 10 - Omaha



Sen. Terrell McKinney
District 11 - Omaha



Sen. Merv Riepe
District 12 - Ralston



Sen. Ashlei Spivey
District 13 - Omaha



Sen. John Arch
District 14 - Papillion



Sen. Dave Wordekemper
District 15 - Fremont



Sen. Ben Hansen
District 16 - Blair



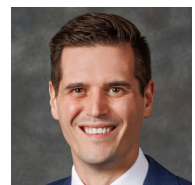
Sen. Glen Meyer
District 17 - Pender



Sen. Christy Armendariz
District 18 - Omaha



Sen. Robert Dover
District 19 - Norfolk



Sen. John Fredrickson
District 20 - Omaha



Beau Ballard
District 21 - Lincoln



Sen. Mike Moser
District 22 - Columbus



Sen. Jared Storm
District 23 - David City



Sen. Jana Hughes
District 24 - Seward



Sen. Carolyn Bosn
District 25 - Lincoln

YOUR 2025-26 STATE SENATORS

2025

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Sen. George Dungan
District 26 - Lincoln



Sen. Jason Prokop
District 27 - Lincoln



Sen. Jane Raybould
District 28 - Lincoln



Sen. Eliot Bostar
District 29 - Lincoln



Sen. Myron Dorn
District 30 - Adams



Sen. Kathleen Kauth
District 31 - Omaha



Sen. Tom Brandt
District 32 - Plymouth



Sen. Dan Lonowski
District 33 - Hastings



Sen. Loren Lippincott
District 34 - Central City



Sen. Dan Quick
District 35 - Grand Island



Sen. Rick Holdcroft
District 36 - Bellevue



Sen. Stan Clouse
District 37 - Kearney



Sen. Dave Murman
District 38 - Glenvil



Sen. Tony Sorrentino
District 39 - Elkhorn



Sen. Barry DeKay
District 40 - Niobrara



Sen. Dan McKeon
District 41 - Amherst



Sen. Mike Jacobson
District 42 - North Platte



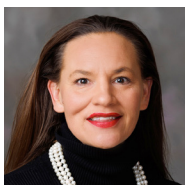
Sen. Tanya Storer
District 43 - Whitman



Sen. Teresa Ibach
District 44 - Sumner



Sen. Rita Sanders
District 45 - Bellevue



Sen. Danielle Conrad
District 46 - Lincoln



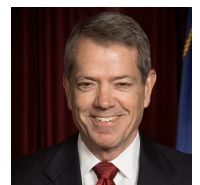
Sen. Paul Strommen
District 47 - Sidney



Sen. Brian Hardin
District 48 - Gering



Sen. Bob Andersen
District 49 - Omaha



Gov. Jim Pillen

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 Committee Chair Ed Swotek Malcolm	 NASB President Stacy Jolley Millard	 NASB Secretary / Member 7 Suzanne Sapp Ashland-Greenwood	 Member 1 Jane Erdenberger Omaha	 Member 2 Kimara Snipes Omaha	
 Member 3 Lanny Boswell Lincoln	 Member 4 Kathy Danek Lincoln	 Member 5 Marcus Madler Papillion La Vista	 Member 6 Beth Morrisette Westside	 Member 8 Amanda McGill Johnson Millard	
 Member 9 Drew Blessing Kearney	 Member 10 Marla Grier South Sioux City	 Member 11 Doug Keener Mitchell	 Member 12 Gary Kubicek Norris	 Member 13 Steve Blocher West Point	
 Member 14 Erick Lee Arapahoe-Holbrook	 Member 15 TBD	 Member 16 Mary Yilk ESU 9	 Appointed Member Lisa Albers Grand Island	 Appointed Member Skip Altig North Platte	
 Appointed Member Patti Gubbels Norfolk	 Appointed Member Mike Palmer Sidney	 Appointed Member Jason Richters Centennial	 Appointed Member Dan Scheer St. Paul	 Appointed Member Jeremy Shuey Plattsmouth	 Appointed Member Brad Wilkins Ainsworth

Term Ends 2025 for Appointed Members

Term Ends 2026 For Odd # Members

Term Ends 2028 For Even # Members





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The Nebraska Association of School Boards is the only state organization created by school board members to represent the interests of school board members.

Your Association's legislative agenda is initiated each year with the submission of local board proposals.

The NASB Legislation Committee reviews all proposals, and then submits its recommendations to the NASB Board of Directors.

The Board can then review and amend the submissions before presenting them to the NASB Delegate Assembly.

The Delegate Assembly gives each member school district a voice in shaping the agenda of NASB.

Standing Positions remain in effect until they are repealed by the Assembly.

WHAT DOES THIS REPRESENT?

The narrative you read inside the pages of this book represents a set of belief statements which direct NASB's government relations efforts. These words guide our lobbying efforts at the State Capitol and the State Board of Education, as well as with our representatives in Washington, D.C.

While this work characterizes an effort to describe an issue or condition to be addressed, rarely is a bill written in such plain language. Legislative bills are a blend of several ideas (or perhaps a promising idea and a substantial price tag). NASB determines its stance on a bill with the Legislation Committee who offers guidance taking into consideration the technical and political aspects of a bill needed to navigate the turbulent amendment process.



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... AS APPROVED BY THE LEGISLATION COMMITTEE ON AUGUST 16, 2024
 ... AND APPROVED BY THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS ON AUGUST 17, 2024
 ... AND APPROVED BY THE DELEGATE ASSEMBLY ON NOVEMBER 22, 2024

Standing positions are statements of purpose and direction which are developed and maintained over time. They are considered annually by the Delegate Assembly and remain in effect until they are actively removed.

BELIEF STATEMENTS FOR AN EFFECTIVE BOARD

CONDITIONS OF CHILDREN

CURRICULUM & INSTRUCTION

FUNDING & FINANCE

GOVERNANCE & STRUCTURE

PROFESSIONAL STANDARDS & EMPLOYEE RELATIONS

STATE POLICY

S-6 — Parent Involvement - NASB urges boards of education to support partnerships between parents and schools that encourage parent involvement in the education process. (1997)

S-7 — Policy - NASB considers it imperative that boards of education adopt clearly defined, flexible policies after input from the administration, parents, employees, and other interested parties. Policies, based on a clear understanding of the education process, should be thoroughly reviewed annually. The execution of policy is the responsibility of professional administrators and staff. (prior to 1995)

S-8 — Use of Accountability Data for School Improvement - NASB supports using school accountability data to determine potential strategies/resources for helping schools improve. We support the concept of growth or learning mindset which suggests that school effectiveness is assessed as an improvement process. Our perspective is that all schools in Nebraska are important and have opportunities to become more effective as quality educational systems. (2020)

BELIEF STATEMENTS FOR AN EFFECTIVE BOARD

S-1 — Board Development - NASB encourages boards of education to take part in board in-service and development programs and to budget funds for such programs. (1995)

S-2 — Board Recognition - NASB believes the service of school boardsmanship is fundamental to participatory democracy and deserves recognition collectively and individually from state and local communities. (prior to 1995)

S-3 — Business and Education Partnerships - NASB encourages boards of education to develop mutually beneficial partnerships with business to ensure mutual understanding and cooperation.(1995)

S-4 — Collaborative Services to Youth - NASB urges collaborative linkages between schools and other public and private agencies that serve children. (prior to 1995)

S-5 — Leadership Team - NASB believes that each board of education should create an administrative leadership team, which should include all supervisory and managerial employees including the superintendent and board members. (prior to 1995, amended 2007)

CONDITIONS OF CHILDREN

S-9 — Abuse of Alcohol, Tobacco, & Other Drugs - NASB supports efforts by boards of education and state and national officials to strictly enforce policies regarding the sale, use or possession of illegal drugs including methamphetamine, marijuana, THC products and synthetic equivalents of THC and marijuana, alcohol, tobacco, nicotine products, vapor products (including e-cigarettes), and any products intended by appearance or effect to replicate tobacco products on school property. The designation of “drug free zones” near schools is also urged. (prior to 1995, amended 2015)

S-10 — At-Risk Students and the Achievement Gap - NASB recognizes that there are many children and youth who are experiencing special difficulties in achieving high education standards. NASB supports increased funding to help close the gap in educational opportunity and educational achievement, and urges boards of education to work with, and obtain increased funding from the state Legislature, as well as state and federal education agencies to assist at-risk children and youth in making adequate educational progress. (prior to 1995, amended 2009)



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S-11 — Cooperation with HHS - NASB supports legislation which mandates cooperation and consultation with school districts as it relates to the placement of children under the custody of DHHS. Comprehensive information about a child's educational needs should be shared with a school district prior to the placement of a student in a new school district. (2020)

S-12 — Early Childhood Education - NASB supports quality early childhood education programs accessible to all children and advocates programs that provide age-appropriate activities to prepare children for school. (prior to 1995)

S-13 — Enrollment Option; Homebound Students - NASB supports legislation stating that when an option student becomes homebound, the school district in which the student resides assumes full responsibility for educating the student. (1998, amended 2016)

S-14 — Enrollment Option Limitation - NASB supports legislation returning option students to the resident school district if the option district must contract with another school district or agency for the educational services needed by the student. (1996, amended 2016)

S-15 — Liability for Medication Administration - NASB supports legislation that would limit the liability of a school district and school district representatives for the administering of prescription medication to students. (1999, amended 2013, 2016)

S-16 — Mental & Behavioral Health - NASB will support legislative efforts to provide services related to mental and behavioral health to school-age children across Nebraska. (2018)

S-17 — Nutrition Education/Student Wellness - NASB believes that wellness programs for schools should emphasize healthy lifestyles and eating habits, mindful of all eating disorders, as well as obesity. (2004)

S-18 — Safe School Environment - NASB supports efforts to provide a school environment that is free from weapons, harassment, bullying, violence, drugs (including alcohol and tobacco), and other factors which threaten the safety of students and staff. (1997, amended 2012)

S-19 — Statewide Poverty/Trauma Funding - NASB recognizes the growing number of public school students across the state that are living in impoverished conditions and/or with traumatic experiences. NASB supports the use of research-based science to strengthen policy, program design and funding that targets those impacted by persistent poverty and/or trauma. (2017)

S-20 — Student Discipline - NASB opposes legislative mandates related to student discipline. NASB supports student discipline as an essential, mutual responsibility of parents, teachers, and administrators, with final responsibility resting with school boards. (1999, amended 2019)

CURRICULUM & INSTRUCTION

S-21 — Access to Equal Education Opportunities - NASB supports equal educational opportunities for all students, regardless of their race, wealth or family circumstance, and urges the Legislature, the State Department of Education, and boards of education to remove all barriers that may prevent any child from having full access to such education opportunities. (1995, amended 2009)

S-22 — Achievement Test Score Use - NASB opposes the use of test scores for the comparison of school districts or for the ranking of schools. (1998)

S-23 — Assessment of Student Learning - NASB supports multiple approaches to assess student learning, with decisions on assessment made at the local district level, and opposes a single "high-stakes" testing procedure. (2001)

S-24 — Cultural Diversity - NASB urges all boards of education to support and implement curriculum which recognizes cultural diversity and enhances the knowledge of students about various ethnic and cultural backgrounds. (prior to 1995)

S-25 — Curriculum Adoption - NASB opposes legislative mandates addressing curriculum and testing. NASB supports the adoption of curriculum by local school boards and the State Board of Education. (2019)

S-26 — Library/Media Content - NASB supports that school district library/media content is a local decision. (2022)

S-27 — Responding to Special Education Costs - NASB supports legislative efforts to give school districts that incur unforeseeable additional special education expenses assistance to alleviate cash flow problems. (2005)

S-28 — Student Expression - NASB supports the authority of the local boards of education and school administration to regulate the content of school-sponsored publications and curriculum. (1997, amended 2009)

S-29 — Support of Early Childhood Programs in the Community - NASB will support early childhood education programs at the community level, which may include redefining economic development programs to include early childhood infrastructure development for communities and will support early childhood programs as an element in community comprehensive plans. (2018)

S-30 — Technology - NASB supports equal access to current technology for all school districts so they may engage all students in the curriculum, to equip them for an increasingly technological society and job market, and to provide them greater access to education services. (prior to 1995)



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FUNDING & FINANCE

S-31 — Accounting of Funds - NASB supports transparent accounting and full disclosure of all funds received and expended for public education consistent with federal regulations. (2005)

S-32 — Budget Lid: Growth Factor - NASB supports legislation which would establish an education expenditures “growth factor” which reflects the actual cost of providing a public education for school districts, learning communities, and ESUs. (2001, amended 2008)

S-33 — Compensation for Statewide Standards & Assessments - NASB supports adequate funding to compensate school districts/ESUs for the cost of implementing and managing the statewide learning standards and assessments. (2008, amended 2009, 2013)

S-34 — Elimination of Budget Reserve Limits - NASB supports legislation that eliminates reserve limitation in the Tax Equity and Educational Opportunities Support Act and in debt service funds. (2000, amended 2001)

S-35 — Elimination of Expenditure Limitation - NASB supports legislation eliminating the limitation on general fund expenditures. (2000, amended 2011)

S-36 — ESU Core Services Funding - NASB supports legislation to adequately fund Educational Service Units in a manner that allows successful implementation of statewide educational initiatives that are developed by law in conjunction with the Nebraska Department of Education. (2009, amended 2015)

S-37 — Expand use of Qualified Capital Purpose Undertaking Fund - NASB supports the expansion of the Qualified Capital Purpose Undertaking Fund to include modifications for student and staff security including cyber security. (2015)

S-38 — Financing Capital Improvements - NASB supports adequate funding for school districts and ESUs for maintenance or replacement of our rapidly deteriorating facilities. (1997, amended 2015)

S-39 — Fiscal Policy - NASB believes the Governor and Legislature must work together to create fiscal policy that will adequately fund public education statewide based upon the needs of students and not driven by a pre-set allocation of funds for education regardless of need. Nebraska demographics and student needs are dynamic, as are the changing education standards required to be competitive nationally and internationally. To meet this challenge, fiscal policy would be built upon a broad base with the lowest possible rates to provide stability in the tax base and revenue stream, provide local government with the tools to generate adequate financial resources, yet equalize financial support

among taxpayers, and assure the principle of uniform assessment. (prior to 1995, amended 2009)

S-40 — For-Profit Entities Operating in Tax-Exempt Zones - NASB supports legislation to ensure equitable tax payments by for-profit business ventures operating on publicly owned or otherwise exempt property. (2003)

S-41 — Funding of Mandated Programs - NASB urges full funding by the state and federal governments at statutory levels of all programs, standards, activities, and services mandated to public schools and ESUs by the Legislature and Congress, and further urges that any unfunded mandates allow authority for supplementary appropriations or outside levy lid funding. (1997, amended 2012, 2017, 2019)

S-42 — Funding: School District Infrastructure, Site Purchases and Building Operating Expenses - NASB supports legislation that would provide an alternative to property taxes for financing facility development, maintenance, and operation. (2003)

S-43 — General Fund Reserve Limit Exception - NASB supports legislation that would not allow school districts to be penalized or state aid to be adjusted, to a school disadvantage, when any type of error or correction is made in calculating the state aid formula. (1999, amended 2016)

S-44 — Including Gifts, Donations, or Foundation Funds as Receivables - NASB opposes the inclusion of gifts, endorsements, donations, or foundation expenditures that are not regular operating expenses in the calculation of receivables in the state aid formula. (2000)

S-45 — K-12 School Trust Land and Permanent School Fund - NASB opposes any action that would reduce the assets, or the value thereof, of the school land trust or diversion of the Permanent School Fund. (prior to 1995, amended 2010, 2024)

S-46 — Legislation Implementation - NASB supports the concept that any legislative bill that limits financial resources, or requires additional financial resources, is done within a timeframe that will not negatively affect the school's ability to prepare their budget. (1997, amended 2015, 2017, 2019)

S-47 — Legislative Review of Statutory Deadlines - NASB urges legislative review of the conflicting mandatory deadlines that affect school revenues and expenditures. (2011)

S-48 — Lower Local Effort Rate - NASB supports lowering the Local Effort Rate and valuations in TEEOSA which would increase equalization aid. (2024)



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S-49 — Property Tax Reform/Relief - Any legislative discussion on property tax and distribution of state aid should include participation from school board and ESU board members. (2015)

S-50 — Reset the Revenue Lid - NASB supports legislation requiring the Nebraska Department of Education to recalculate the revenue lid to add the amount of the special education reimbursement, or alternatively, to not include the special education reimbursement in the revenue restricted by the lid. (2024)

S-51 — Revenue Reductions for School Districts Affected by Property Valuation Losses - NASB supports legislation that would create a hold harmless effect for districts which experience a decrease in valuation. (2004)

S-52 — School District Options in Dealing with Large, Unanticipated Revenues - NASB supports legislation giving school boards options in dealing with large, unanticipated revenue increases in order to minimize fluctuations in state aid. (2000)

S-53 — School and ESU Funding Must Be Predictable and Sustainable - Notwithstanding any current standing position or resolution, the NASB would consider the support of a school/ESU funding proposal only if it could be demonstrated to be predictable, sustainable, and it does not encroach on local control as defined by the locally elected school board or ESU members. (2024)

S-54 — Special Building Fund Tax Levy Exclusion - NASB supports amending the Nebraska Statutes that address budgeting and spending lid restrictions to allow school districts the ability to utilize up to fourteen cents of the Special Building Fund tax levy outside of the budgeting and spending lid restriction so that districts can plan for and fund capital improvement projects, building repairs and upgrades, and school district infrastructure needs. (2007, amended 2020)

S-55 — State Funding System - NASB supports a stable, predictable, equitable, and adequate statewide education funding system that honors the Legislature’s commitment to provide for free instruction in the common schools of this state, as guaranteed by the Nebraska Constitution, by prioritizing education funding in the state budget, and that:

- Invests in the education of all Nebraska public school children;
- Establishes a state fund or funding mechanism that assists Nebraska public schools with the costs of maintaining and constructing facilities;
- Reduces our dependence on local property taxes by drawing revenue from multiple funding sources;
- Promotes the responsibility of locally elected school boards to make sound, transparent school budget decisions;
- Provides funding in a timely and predictable manner;

- Includes the principle of equalization;
- Funds the total excess allowable costs for special education and support services; and
- Recognizes that a long-term solution to education funding will require an ongoing, collaborative effort to execute a vision and strategic plan to grow and diversify our economy. (1997, amended 2009, 2018)

S-56 — Use of a Uniform Valuation Calculation to Determine Local Resources and State Aid - NASB supports a property tax assessment system that utilizes uniform accounting practices to determine the property valuation number from which local and state officials can calculate both the local resources available to fund schools from property taxes, and the resulting calculation of state aid payments to school districts. (2003)

S-57 — Vouchers and Tax Credits - NASB opposes any attempt to amend or circumvent the Nebraska and United States Constitutions to permit the use of public funds for the support, either direct or indirect, of schools not controlled by the public at large. NASB opposes any state or federal legislation allowing either tax credits or vouchers for children, or the parents or guardians of children attending nonpublic schools, or donors to scholarship funds for non-public education. (prior to 1995, amended 2020)

GOVERNANCE & STRUCTURE

S-58 — Accountability - NASB believes that boards of education are accountable to students, parents, taxpayers, and employees for providing education programs, striving for education excellence, identifying education needs, adopting clearly defined written policies, measuring the success of instruction programs, and interpreting and disseminating information to the public through a public relations plan. (prior to 1995)

S-59 — Allied Schools - NASB opposes legislation that would mandate the formation of an allied system of school districts. (2014, amended 2016)

S-60 — Amend Open Meetings Act for Evaluations - NASB supports legislation to allow boards to go into executive session to discuss superintendent evaluations and/or for the narrowing down of superintendent candidates. (2017)

S-61 — Authority of School Boards - NASB supports the authority of boards of education to effectively govern and execute their statutory responsibilities. (1997, amended 2015)



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S-62 — Charter Schools - NASB believes that any charter schools, or the like, involved with any aspect of K-12 education be authorized by a public school district, be located within the boundaries of such public school district and be accountable to the authorizing district for their student achievement, finances and operations. (1998, amended 2015)

S-63 — Duties of Schools - NASB believes that the primary function of Nebraska schools should be the education of students and that the Legislature should be discouraged from placing duties on school districts which are not directly related to education. (prior to 1995)

S-64 — E-meetings - Fully-Implemented or Partial Allowable Attendance - NASB supports legislation which allows for school board members to participate in school board meetings via electronic means while still maintaining a quorum when necessitated for the health and safety of the board and public. Virtual meetings cannot impede the public's ability to participate. (2020)

S-65 — Educational Service Unit Governance - NASB supports governance of ESUs by elected boards and supports local determination of specific mechanisms of that governance. (2005)

S-66 — Educational Service Unit Reorganization - NASB supports the continuation of ESUs as an effective means of delivering educational services to school districts and their students. Any reforms would provide for a statutory hold harmless provision in the distribution formula for Core Service funding when an Equity Unit reorganizes with any other ESU, and must be mindful of ESUs' essential role of delivering direct services and being responsible to the local school districts they serve. (2004, amended 2005)

S-67 — Interactive Remote Communication Technology (Televideo) - NASB urges the legislature to provide updated rules and procedures so patrons are able to readily testify at legislative hearings via televideo (interactive remote communication technology) on a regular, ongoing basis to allow for a more equitable opportunity for the public to participate in the legislative process. (2017)

S-68 — Local Control and the Possession of Firearms on School Grounds - NASB supports the rights of local school boards to determine the appropriateness, guidelines, and ability for the possession of firearms by non-law enforcement personnel on school grounds or at school related activities. (2023)

S-69 — Organization - NASB opposes legislation that would mandate consolidation of districts or administration. NASB favors cooperation between school districts as well as ESUs to remove all barriers and penalties to promote orderly and voluntary reorganization into more efficient governing and administrative units to best serve the educational needs of Nebraska's children. (prior to 1995, amended 2008, 2015, 2017, amended 2019)

S-70 — Personal Liability - NASB opposes unnecessary laws which make individual members of a governing board of a political subdivision personally liable for damage judgements which result from lawsuits filed against the political subdivision. (prior to 1995, amended 2015)

S-71 — Publication of Minutes, Receipts, & Expenditures - NASB supports removing the requirement to publishing hearing notices and meeting minutes in public newspapers and supports the use of alternative means to communicate board activity. (2020)

S-72 — Restriction of Resources and Board Responsibilities - NASB supports legislation allowing local boards to function as elected officials and to continue to establish policies, including finance policies, as representatives of the constituents who elected them. (1997)

S-73 — School Activities - NASB supports direct involvement by boards of education in the governance and activities of the Nebraska School Activities Association. (prior to 1995)

S-74 — School Calendars - NASB opposes state mandated uniform opening and closing dates for local school districts. (prior to 1995)

S-75 — Updating notice requirements - NASB supports updating notice requirements for all school board meetings that recognizes available technology. (2022)

PROFESSIONAL STANDARDS & EMPLOYEE RELATIONS

S-76 — Activity Assignments - NASB opposes legislation that would require a separate written employment contract for coaching or any other activity assignment that would require that a person be notified by a specified date of the termination of an assignment for the following year. (1999)

S-77 — Compensation - NASB will support a concept of compensation for teachers which is not based solely upon the experience and education attainment of teachers as found on standard salary schedules. (1995)

S-78 — Criminal Background Checks - NASB supports legislation which would aid public schools and ESUs in obtaining criminal background history information on prospective and current employees, and personnel provided through any contract service provider or anyone working on school property. (1999, amended 2006)

S-79 — Employee Bonuses and Incentives - NASB supports legislation creating a comprehensive plan to recruit, retain and reward highly qualified individuals for teaching professions throughout the state, including offering incentives to encourage employees to sign a contract of employment. (2001, amended 2015)



2,000,000 Nebraskans

329,000 Students

1,700 Locally Elected School Board Members

260 Member Districts/ESUs

ONE NEBRASKA

109TH LEGISLATURE, 1ST SESSION

S-80 — Employee Support - NASB recognizes the need to support district employees with their health and supports initiatives that provide for the physical and mental wellness of all school employees. (2020)

S-81 — Medical Insurance - NASB supports the concept of exploring alternatives to the costs of health insurance for the purpose of assuring the greatest allocation of our financial resources to education programs and services for children. (prior to 1995, amended 2003)

S-82 — Recognition - NASB urges local school boards to develop and implement programs which recognize individuals for significant accomplishments and community service, experience, and competency. (prior to 1995, amended 2014)

S-83 — Retirement - NASB supports legislation to assure a retirement system that is sound, adequate, and sustainable for school districts and ESUs. (prior to 1995, amended 2012)

S-84 — Scope of Bargaining - NASB believes negotiations with employees should be limited to matters of employee salaries and fringe benefits, and opposes any attempt to broaden the scope of negotiations to include matters of policy and management rights. (prior to 1995)

S-85 — Staff Development and Evaluation - NASB supports in-service training, enrichment programs, and continuing education for professional staff. Regular evaluations of performance, competency in the subject areas, and demonstrated ability to instruct or manage, in part as shown through student performance, should be conducted to promote professional growth. (1995)

STATE POLICY

S-86 — Advisory Groups - NASB requests that there be board of education representatives on all government commissions, councils, and committees which could have an impact on local school district policy or finance. (1995)

S-87 — Choice and Affiliation - NASB supports the concepts of choice and affiliation among public schools as a means to maximize education opportunity. NASB believes any such program should result in the least amount of disruption and uncertainty for the affected school districts. (1995)

S-88 — Constitutional Rights & Responsibilities - NASB, and school board members, fully supports the U.S. Constitution and the rights and responsibilities embodied within it. NASB therefore supports education and behavior that teaches and models expression of these rights and responsibilities. (2009, amended 2015)

S-89 — Corporate Sponsorships in Schools - NASB opposes restrictions on school districts' ability to exercise their best judgment in entering into corporate sponsorship agreements. (2004)

S-90 — Educational Service Units - NASB supports Educational Service Units as an effective and efficient means to provide educational services to local school districts. ESUs should be responsible to the local school boards they serve. (1997)

S-91 — Guiding the P-16 Effort: 21st Century Skills - NASB urges state and local policymakers to forge a new working relationship in redesigning Nebraska's public education system for the 21st century, with a focus on improving student achievement and holding each level of the system accountable, from preschool through post-secondary education or training, in a manner that:

- Promotes multi-level communication and interaction between all P-16 partners to enhance student academic success;
- Offers all students a rigorous developmentally-appropriate curriculum designed to opportunities and choice, regardless of the post-secondary path they choose;
- Engages the assets of the full community;
- Utilizes data and technology to individualize education for students and to incorporate new learning into the design;
- Closes the achievement gap by focusing on quality teaching and learning opportunities;
- Implements standards-based education fully in a seamless curriculum, so one level of the system builds on the next and the end result is known and understood from the beginning;
- Provides sufficient resources that are adequate and sustainable at every level of the system to meet the challenge, resisting unfunded or underfunded mandates; and
- Preserves the ability of local school boards and their communities to address local needs and challenges in a flexible manner using a variety of options. (2009, amended 2016)

S-92 — Independent School Districts - NASB supports the independence of established PK-12 school districts and also supports the cooperation and equalization of opportunity among school districts within learning communities. NASB believes that any legislation introduced impacting school districts or learning communities should seek to give districts and learning communities equalized resources. Any legislation should also allow these independent districts to maintain their right to governance, district curriculum, and the allocation of resources. (2006, amended 2013)



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S-93 — Local Control for Public PK-12 Schools - NASB believes public PK-12 systems should be organized to serve communities throughout Nebraska without arbitrary size limits or a single model, which would not fit our state’s varied communities. NASB opposes legislating arbitrary size limits and will work to remedy such limits currently in statute. (2006, amended 2013)

S-94 — Local District Advocacy - NASB supports the right and obligation of local school districts to advocate for legislative action that impacts their individual interests. (1996)

S-95 — NDE Authority - NASB opposes attempts by the legislature to preempt the statutory authority of the Nebraska State Board of Education to be the policy-forming, planning and evaluative body for Nebraska schools. (2017)

S-96 — Nonpublic Schools Standards - NASB believes that nonpublic schools should have the same state standards as the public schools, including school approval, accreditation, teacher certification and endorsement, and safety standards. (prior to 1995)

S-97 — Policy Leadership & Vision on the Future of Nebraska’s PK-12 Schools - NASB supports efforts to bring policy makers of the executive and legislative branches, educators, school boards, learning community coordinating councils, and ESU boards, and citizens together to determine the best course for the future delivery of PK-12 education to the students of the state. NASB boards emphasize increasing student achievement through governance structures that are clear, efficient, and controlled by the local district. (2003, amended 2008, 2010, 2013)

S-98 — Voting Higher Than a Simple Majority - The NASB firmly opposes any legislation that mandates a voting threshold higher than a simple majority for passing any issue presented to voters by a school district or ESU. We believe that requiring anything more than a majority vote undermines the democratic process and places undue barriers on the ability of school districts or ESUs to address critical needs and make decisions that reflect the will of the community. (2024)

- S-1 Board Development
- S-2 Board Recognition
- S-3 Business and Education Partnerships
- S-4 Collaborative Services to Youth
- S-5 Leadership Team
- S-6 Parent Involvement
- S-7 Policy
- S-8 Use of Accountability Data for School Improvement
- S-9 Abuse of Alcohol, Tobacco, & Other Drugs
- S-10 At-Risk Students and the Achievement Gap
- S-11 Cooperation with HHS
- S-12 Early Childhood Education
- S-13 Enrollment Option; Homebound Students
- S-14 Enrollment Option Limitation
- S-15 Liability for Medication Administration
- S-16 Mental & Behavioral Health
- S-17 Nutrition Education/Student Wellness
- S-18 Safe School Environment
- S-19 Statewide Poverty/Trauma Funding
- S-20 Student Discipline
- S-21 Access to Equal Education Opportunities
- S-22 Achievement Test Score Use
- S-23 Assessment of Student Learning
- S-24 Cultural Diversity
- S-25 Curriculum Adoption
- S-26 Library/Media Content
- S-27 Responding to Special Education Costs
- S-28 Student Expression
- S-29 Support of Early Childhood in the Community
- S-30 Technology
- S-31 Accounting of Funds
- S-32 Budget Lid: Growth Factor
- S-33 Compensation for Statewide Assessments
- S-34 Elimination of Budget Reserve Limits
- S-35 Elimination of Expenditure Limitation
- S-36 ESU Core Services Funding
- S-37 Expand use of QCPUF
- S-38 Financing Capital Improvements
- S-39 Fiscal Policy
- S-40 For-Profit Entities Operating in Tax-Exempt Zones
- S-41 Funding of Mandated Programs
- S-42 Funding: Infrastructure, Site Purchases & Operating
- S-43 General Fund Reserve Limit Exception
- S-44 Gifts, Donations, or Foundation \$\$\$ as Receivables
- S-45 K-12 School Trust Land and Permanent Fund
- S-46 Legislation Implementation
- S-47 Legislative Review of Statutory Deadlines
- S-48 Lower Local Effort Rate
- S-49 Property Tax Reform/Relief
- S-50 Reset the Revenue Lid
- S-51 Revenue Reductions from Valuation Losses
- S-52 Districts Dealing with Unanticipated Revenues
- S-53 Funding Must Be Predictable and Sustainable
- S-54 Special Building Fund Tax Levy Exclusion
- S-55 State Funding System
- S-56 Uniform Valuation Calculation for State Aid
- S-57 Vouchers and Tax Credits
- S-58 Accountability
- S-59 Allied Schools
- S-60 Amend Open Meetings Act for Evaluations
- S-61 Authority of School Boards
- S-62 Charter Schools
- S-63 Duties of Schools
- S-64 E-meetings
- S-65 Educational Service Unit Governance
- S-66 Educational Service Unit Reorganization
- S-67 Interactive Remote Communication Technology
- S-68 Possession of Firearms on School Grounds
- S-69 Organization
- S-70 Personal Liability
- S-71 Publication of Minutes, Receipts, & Expenditures
- S-72 Restriction of Resources & Board Responsibilities
- S-73 School Activities
- S-74 School Calendars
- S-75 Updating notice requirements
- S-76 Activity Assignments
- S-77 Compensation
- S-78 Criminal Background Checks
- S-79 Employee Bonuses and Incentives
- S-80 Employee Support
- S-81 Medical Insurance
- S-82 Recognition
- S-83 Retirement
- S-84 Scope of Bargaining
- S-85 Staff Development and Evaluation
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